

Hands-on Cloud Computing Services

Lecture 1

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Hands-on Cloud Computing Services (10 hours)

- ▶ Cloud Computing services in action
 - ▶ Amazon Web Services
- ▶ Tools for cloud automation
 - ▶ Ansible
 - ▶ Terraform
- ▶ Examples & Exercises

Course Material

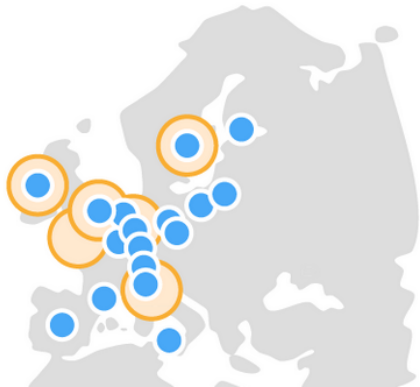
- ▶ Relevant slides and code will be published on the web page after the lectures
 - ▶ <http://www.ce.uniroma2.it/courses/sdcc2223/>
- ▶ Official AWS documentation
 - ▶ <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/>
 - ▶ most the content available in Italian as well
- ▶ If you are interested in a book that covers these topics (and much more): [Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Cloud Computing Solutions Architect: A Hands-On Approach", 2019.](#)

Amazon Web Services (AWS)

- ▶ One of the major public cloud providers (along with Google Cloud Platform, Microsoft Azure, ...)
- ▶ 200+ different services
 - ▶ **Computation** (EC2, Lambda, ...)
 - ▶ **Storage** (S3, ...)
 - ▶ **Machine Learning** (Rekognition, Lex, ...)
 - ▶ **Networking and Content Delivery** (CloudFront, Route 53, ...)
 - ▶ **Security** (Cognito, ...)
 - ▶ ...

AWS Infrastructure

- ▶ **27 regions**
 - ▶ in Italy: Milano (since 2020)
- ▶ **2+ availability zones** in each region
- ▶ **400 Edge locations**
 - ▶ In Italy: Milano, Roma, Palermo
- ▶ Numbers keep growing...



Accessing AWS

- ▶ General approach: register an AWS account (with an associated [credit card](#))
 - ▶ It is very important to keep AWS credentials safe!
 - ▶ Enable Multi-Factor Authentication for your account
- ▶ For this course: [AWS Academy Learner Lab](#)

Interacting with AWS

- ▶ Web Console
- ▶ AWS CLI
- ▶ SDK for various languages (e.g., Boto3)
- ▶ (Infrastructure-as-Code tools)

Note: regardless of the chosen approach, you need to explicitly select the AWS Region you want to use. Services activated in one region cannot be managed within a different one.

- ▶ AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)
- ▶ When you register to AWS, you get a **root** account
- ▶ IAM allows you to create and manage users within your account
- ▶ It's a good practice to use an IAM user (with full permissions) rather than the root account (if compromised, an IAM user can be deleted without losing the whole account)¹

¹https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/id_users_create.html

Amazon EC2

- ▶ Resizable compute capacity in the cloud
- ▶ Virtual machines = Instances
- ▶ Many different instance types
 - ▶ Different amount of vCPUs, memory
 - ▶ Different storage
 - ▶ Different processors (ARM vs x86 CPUs, GPUs, ...)
 - ▶ **Different price!**
- ▶ On-demand / spot / reserved instances
- ▶ Starting from less than 0.01 \$/hour

Example

- ▶ Let's create an EC2 instance
- ▶ **AMI:** we can use Amazon Linux
- ▶ **Instance type:** pick something cheap (e.g., t3.micro/nano)
- ▶ **Security group:** create a new SG
 - ▶ Allow SSH and HTTP inbound traffic
- ▶ Shutdown behavior: Terminate
- ▶ Create (if necessary) a new **key pair**
 - ▶ Store the private key in a safe place!
 - ▶ Public key automatically installed on the instance

Connecting to the new instance

```
$ ssh -i <file.pem> ec2-user@<Public IP/Public DNS>
```

Key pairs

- ▶ Key pairs allow EC2 to verify your identity when connecting to an instance via SSH
- ▶ Two approaches to setup your key pair:
 1. Key pair created using EC2: you download the private key (.pem file) and save it to a **safe** location
 2. Key pair created on your PC (e.g., using `ssh-keygen`): you need to import the **public** key in EC2
- ▶ Instructions for both methods: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/create-key-pairs.html>

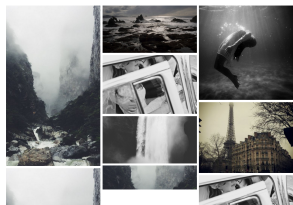
Monitor your Costs!

- ▶ The **Billing Dashboard** provides useful information to analyze paid and expected costs
- ▶ It is recommended to set an alarm so as to be notified whenever the expected monthly costs exceed a certain value:
`https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/monitor_estimated_charges_with_cloudwatch.html`
- ▶ **Note:** estimated cost to reproduce steps from this lecture (EC2 + ELB) using services for a whole day: < 1 EUR

Example Application: Photogallery

- ▶ Web application, written in Python using Flask
- ▶ Just a toy: no security, no robustness, ...
- ▶ We'll use and extend it during the lectures
- ▶ You may develop your own customized version

SDDC Photo Gallery



Roadmap:

Photogallery version 1: static set of images; upload not supported

...

Photogallery version N: image upload and tagging; image search; automatic resizing and tagging based on object recognition; ...